

Psssst...

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Definition(s) of IoT ...

- » *New business model*
- » *Big Data Analytics*
- » *M2M Communication*
- » *Machine Learning & Sensors*
- » *Predictive Maintenance*
- » *Industry v4.0 / IIoT*
- » *...or simple to disappear?*

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IoT Architecture

- » GW based
- » GW less
- » Fog based
- » Hybrid
- » ...

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IoT Risks

Source	Transport	Network Infrastructure	Data Connections	Host Systems	Recipient
Sensors	Short-range ZigBee, Wi-Fi, etc.	Identity Management	Internet VPN	Servers	Humans
Smart Devices	Medium-range Cellular	Provisioning Authentication	Point-to-Point	Corporate Network	Processes
Hybrid Tech	Low-power RF	Authorization	Other	Access Control	Automation
Gateways	Long-range Satellite Non-wireless	Information Control Messages Data Transport			

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IoT Attack Vectors

- » Default Values
- » Insecure Protocols (by default)
- » Initialization Phases
- » Sensor Saturation/Signal Jamming
- » IoT devices are available 24/7 for Botnet
- » No users behind IoT device
- » Weak CPUs (no AV, no FW, no NAC/IPS...)
- » Limited memory
- » Stripped down OS
- » Manufacturing chain (of insecurity)
- » Drop down devices (like Pineapple?)

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Already Known...

- » Mirai (scale)
- » GRE (attack on CPE CPU)
- » Hajime, New Aidra, Bashlight...
- » 3rd Party dependencies - service dependencies: DNS, certs, SSO pyramid, micro-services,...
- » \$19.99 to rent a BotNet?
- » ZigBee Worm
- » ...

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IoT security Solutions

- » **Legacy but adjusted**
 - AI/Machine Learning
 - Pent testing (DDoS pentesting?)
 - 20/80 rule (20% investment solves 85% of issues?)
- » **New approaches**
 - Blockchain
 - Industrial FW, AV, IDS...
 - New Architecture?
- » **Standards/Frameworks**
 - IEC 62443
 - IEC 13849-1
 - EN/IEC 62061

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IIoT Security Architecture

- » **Zones:**
 - Internet
 -
 - DMZ + Internal
 -
 - Control Network

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IoT Firewall

- » **Industrial IoT...**
 - Specific protocols, starting all over?
- » **“Legacy FW”**
 - re-shaping their existing portfolio
- » **Home IoT:**
 - New Players, RatTrap, CUJO, dojo,...

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Pentesting/Scanning Tools

- » Perytons Eye-O-T Vulnerability Analyzer
- » Red Button “DDoS on demand”
- » SHODAN.io, GHDB, defpass.com, ...
- » www.insecam.org/en/bycountry/AT/
- » exploit-db.com

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Machine Learning / A.I.

- » Scaling with an amount of messages...
- » “Products TALK back to you...”
- » **Always on Protection, Inspection, Control...**
- » Examples: LightCyber/PAN, Darktrace, Cybertrap...

The cyberattack in India used malware that could learn as it was spreading, and altered its methods to stay in the system for as long as possible. Those were “early indicators” of A.I.

For the cyber security industry, this has made cyberspace increasingly difficult to defend with existing security methods having remained relatively stagnant in comparison to this rapid evolution. Artificial intelligence is one of the few technologies that is part of this new era of connectivity and therefore may offer a solution to the problem of systems within a world of chaos.

www.iiot-now.com/2017/02/09/58275-iiot-based-cyberattacks-ai-can-defend-growing-threat

www.nytimes.com/2017/07/02/technology/hackers-find-ideal-testing-ground-for-attacks-developing-countries.html

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Blockchain:

Decentralized IoT networks are the future of IoT. Blockchain is the missing link that will enable **scalability, privacy and reliability** of IoT transactions. **Blockchain technology** can serve as a tool to track and coordinate connected devices, enable processes and ultimately support the billions of transactions that will take place within the Internet of Things, making use of a transparent, impenetrable distributed ledger. Ultimately, decentralized marketplaces will enable a global Economy of Things, where **IoT data** can be traded and exchanged autonomously.

Blockchain – the few technologies that is part of this new era of connectivity and therefore may offer a solution to the underlying problem within the IoT sector.

The Watson IoT Platform has a built-in economy that lets you add selected IoT data to a **private blockchain**. The protected data is shared among only the business partners involved with the transaction.

Sources:

- www.iiot.com/internet-of-things/platform/private-blockchain/
- www.iiotcontrol.io/blog/using-blockchain-to-secure-iiot
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Challenges & Conclusions

- » Standardization vs. proprietary
- » Thing-Bots
- » Old Tools vs. New Tools



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- » **802.15.4/ZigBee Analysis and Security**, Dartmouth Computer Science Technical Report iasaglobal.org/itabok3_0/trends-and-techniques-2/internet-of-things
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- » www.iotcentral.io/blog/using-blockchain-to-secure-iot
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Questions?

Thank you!

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