



Doc. No. 78-0932-02

# Installing the High-Density V.35 Applique and Interface Cable

---

**Product Numbers: APP-JX1, APP-LX2, APP-LX4, APP-LX6, APP-LX8, APP-IX1, APP-SX2, APP-SX4, APP-SX2E2, CAB-VTM, CAB-VTF, CAB-VCN, and CAB-VCF**

## Description of Part

The term *applique* is used for any hardware unit that provides the external interface connections from your router to the network. An applique includes connector mounting hardware, a connector port, and a printed circuit card that translates communications signals from and into the specified electrical attachment.

This document contains instructions for installing the high-density (HD) V.35 applique (see Figure 1). This applique is dual-mode and functions as either a data terminal equipment (DTE) interface or a data communications equipment (DCE) interface, depending on which of the HD V.35 cables you use for the network interface.

Four HD V.35 cables are available: DTE male to male (CAB-VTM), DTE male to female (CAB-VTF), DCE male to male (CAB-VCN), DCE male to female (CAB-VCF). You must use one of these cables with the HD V.35 applique.

The HD V.35 applique connects to the serial communications interface (SCI) card (providing up to four serial ports) or to a multiport communications interface (MCI) card (providing up to two serial ports).

The HD V.35 applique is mounted on a connector plate (see Figure 1) that attaches to the rear of the chassis. Three connector plate sizes are available: large (L), small (S), and individual (I). An example of the large and individual connector plates is shown in Figure 2. The small connector plate, used in the M chassis, is not shown. An internal ribbon cable connects the applique to the serial network interface card in the chassis card cage; one of these cables is used for every two appliques installed.

Figure 1 shows the HD V.35 applique.

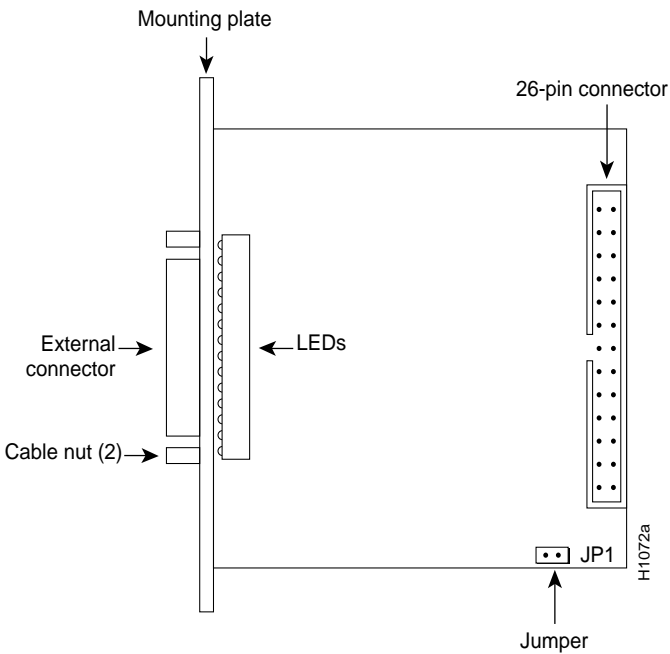


Figure 1 HD V.35 Applique—Component Side View

Figure 2 shows the small and large connector plates used with the HD V.35 applique.

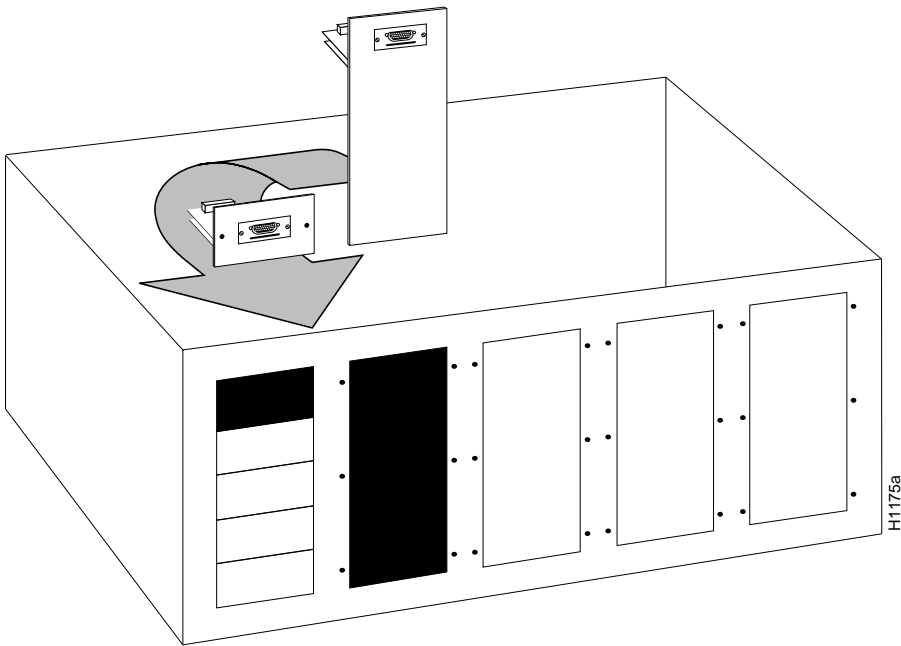


Figure 2 HD V.35 Appliques on Individual and Large Connector Plates

The HD V.35 applique and external interface cable options are listed by product number in Table 1 and Table 2.

**Table 1 HD V.35 Appliques by Product Number**

Product Number	Mode	Plate Size	Chassis	Number of Interfaces
APP-IX1 <sup>1</sup>	Dual	Individual	M, C	1 HD V.35
APP-JX1	Dual	Individual	A+, A	1 HD V.35
APP-LX2	Dual	Long	A+, A	2 HD V.35
APP-LX4	Dual	Long	A+, A	4 HD V.35
APP-LX6	Dual	Long	A+, A	6 HD V.35
APP-LX8	Dual	Long	A+, A	8 HD V.35
APP-SX2	Dual	Small	M, C	2 HD V.35
APP-SX4	Dual	Small	M, C	4 HD V.35
APP-SX2E2	Dual	Small	M, C	2 HD V.35 and 2 Ethernet

1. X = HD V.35

**Note** If an individual HD V.35 applique is ordered, the product number APP-IX1 is used (where X = HD V.35).

**Table 2 HD V.35 External Interface Cables by Product Number**

Product Number	Mode <sup>1</sup>	Cable Gender
CAB-VTM	DTE	Male-to-male
CAB-VTF	DTE	Male-to-female
CAB-VCM	DCE	Male-to-male
CAB-VCF	DCE	Male-to-female

1. Each applique is shipped with the appropriate interface cable depending on the desired mode of the applique (DTE or DCE) and the cable gender required.

## Configuring the HD V.35 Applique

The HD V.35 applique carries the same signals as the old-style V.35 applique, but provides them on a smaller 26-pin D-type connector (the old-style applique used a 34-pin connector). The smaller 26-pin connector is male on all four versions of the HD V.35 cable and the larger connector on each cable carries the male or female configuration. The HD V.35 supports both DTE and DCE modes; the external V.35 cable attached to the applique determines this mode. You must use an HD V.35 cable to provide a standard V.35 network connection.

Table 3 provides pinouts for the HD V.35 applique (and cable) when used as a DTE or DCE interface.

**Table 3 HD V.35 Dual-Mode Applique and Cable Pinout**

Applique		Cable			
DTE Pin	DCE Pin	Pin	Signal	Function	Direction
17, 18	17, 18	B	SGND	Signal Ground	–
23	24	C	RTS	Request to Send	To modem
24	23	D	CTS	Clear to Send	To chassis
22	25	E	DSR	Data Set Ready	To chassis
20	19	F	RLSD	Receive Line Signal Detect (Carrier Detect)	To chassis
19	20	H	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	To modem
21	22	K	LTST	Local Test (Loopback)	To modem
2	4	R	RxD+	Receive Data+	To chassis
12	14	T	RxD-	Receive Data-	To chassis
6	5	V	SCR+	Serial Clock Receive+	To chassis
16	15	X	SCR-	Serial Clock Receive-	To chassis
4	2	P	TxD+	Send Data+	To modem
14	12	S	TxD-	Send Data-	To modem
5	6	U	SCTE+	Serial Clock Transmit External+	To modem
15	16	W	SCTE-	Serial Clock Transmit External-	To modem
1	3	Y	SCT+	Serial Clock Transmit+	To chassis
11	13	a	SCT-	Serial Clock Transmit-	To chassis
–	9 <sup>1</sup>	–	DCE/DTE	Selects DCE mode	–
–	18	–	DCE/DTE	Selects DCE mode	–

1. Pins 9 and 18 are tied together (and tied to ground through the cable) to force the applique into DCE mode when the DTE/DCE jumper on the MCI or SCI card is set for DCE and the appropriate HD V.35 cable is used.

## HD V.35 Jumper Settings

When operating at speeds above 300000 bps, the serial clock transmit external (SCTE) signal becomes especially important. The HD V.35 applique returns Transmit Clock on SCTE. This is designed to compensate for clock phase shift on long cables. The HD V.35 modem *must* be configured to accept SCTE.

With the HD V.35 applique in DCE mode, the applique can be configured to use either SCTE or serial clock transmit (SCT). The default is SCTE, which is selected when the JP1 jumper is in; SCT is selected when the JP1 jumper is out (see Figure 1).

## HD V.35 LEDs

Table 4 shows the 14 LEDs that indicate the status of the HD V.35 applique.

**Table 4 HD V.35 Applique LED Indicators**

LED Number	Color	Mnemonic DTE (DCE)	Function	Direction	
				DCE	DTE
1	Red	RxD (TxD)	Receive Data (Transmit Data)	—> (<—)	
2	Red	SCR (SCTE)	Serial Clock Receive (Serial Clock Transmit External)	—> (<—)	
3	Red	TxD (RxD)	—	<— (—>)	
4	Red	SCTE (SCR)	—	<— (—>)	
5	Red	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	—>	
6	Red	RTS	Clear To Send	—>	
7	Red	RTS	Request To Send	<—	
8	Red	DCD	Data Carrier Detect	<—	
9	Red	LT	Software Loopback	<—	
10	Green	+5V	+5V present	On if OK	
11	Green	+12V	+12V present	On if OK	
12	Green	–12V	–12V present	On if OK	
13	Green	OK	Applique test OK	On if OK	
14	Red	DCE	Mode selection	On for DCE	

**Note** Depending on the chassis space available and the position of the applique, the LED pattern orientation may begin from the top, bottom, left, or right. In every case, use the green LEDs and the single red LED (toward the end of the row) for the correct pattern orientation.

## Configuring the Serial Interface

Following are the procedures for configuring the serial interface.

### CSC-MCI and CSC-SCI Mode and Clocking Options

On the MCI card, jumpers W51 and W41 control the serial ports 0 and 1 in data communications equipment (DCE) mode. On the SCI card, jumpers N22, N26, N12, and N16 control the serial ports 0 through 3 in DCE mode. In addition to changing these jumpers for DCE operation, you must configure the clock rate on each serial interface of the interface card using the **clockrate speed** interface subcommand (where *speed* is the bit rate of the interface in bits per second [bps]). The applique must be DCE (or configured as DCE) to generate the clock signals.

Following is sample output of the **clockrate speed** command:

```
Router# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.
Edit with DELETE, CTRL/W, and CTRL/U;end with CTRL/Z
interface serial 0
clockrate 64000
^Z
Router# write memory
[ok]
Router#
```

The **no clockrate** command removes the clock rate if data terminal equipment (DTE) mode is desired. Refer to the appropriate configuration and reference publication for more information on these commands. Following are the acceptable clockrate speed settings, appearing as they are entered with the **clockrate speed** command:

1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 56000, 6400, 7200, 12500, 148000, 500000, 800000, 1000000, 1300000, 2000000, and 4000000

The fastest clock rates might not work if your cable is too long.

Most DTE interfaces require a Normal External Transmit Clock signal. All DCE interfaces require an Internal Transmit Clock (noninverted) signal. The MCI card clocking options are controlled by jumper areas W40 through W53, and the SCI card clocking options are controlled by jumper areas N11 through N28.

Occasionally, delays occur between the SCTE clock and the transmitted data that may push the data transition out to the point where using an inverted clock is appropriate (jumpers W42 and W52 for the MCI and N13, N17, N23, and N27 for the SCI); however, an inverted clock is not recommended.

Typical delays indicate that the inverted clock may be appropriate above 1.3 megabits per second (Mbps), depending on the DTE clock-to-data skews and setup required, and allowing some margin for temperature, cable, and other variables. Some DCE devices will not accept SCTE, so Serial Clock transmit (SCT) must be used. Inverting the clock may be the only way to compensate for the cable length and circuit delays in the DTE and DCE.

Table 5 and Table 6 show the jumper settings for the MCI and SCI clock options, respectively. The last two columns of these tables (DTE and DCE) indicate the setting that should be used with either a DTE or DCE applique. Unless specifically noted, all products are shipped with the factory default setting to work with the DTE applique, which requires external clocking; the channel service unit/digital service unit (CSU/DSU) provides the clocking for the circuit.

**Table 5 CSC-MCI Jumper Settings for Clock Options**

Jumper Pair	Signal Description	Interface	DT E	DC E
W53	Normal External Transmit Clock	Serial 0	X <sup>1</sup>	–
W52	Inverted External Transmit Clock	Serial 0	x	–
W51	Normal Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 0	–	X
W50	Inverted Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 0	–	x
W43	Normal External Transmit Clock	Serial 1	X <sup>1</sup>	–
W42	Inverted External Transmit Clock	Serial 1	x	–
W41	Normal Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 1	–	X
W40	Inverted Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 1	–	x

1. X = Recommended setting. x = Available but not recommended.

**Table 6** CSC-SCI Jumper Settings for Clock Options

Jumper Pair	Signal Description	Interface	DTE	DCE
N 24	Normal External Transmit Clock	Serial 0	X <sup>1</sup>	–
N 23	Inverted External Transmit Clock	Serial 0	x	–
N 22	Normal Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 0	–	X
N 21	Inverted Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 0	–	x
N 28	Normal External Transmit Clock	Serial 1	X <sup>1</sup>	–
N 27	Inverted External Transmit Clock	Serial 1	x	–
N 26	Normal Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 1	–	X
N 25	Inverted Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 1	–	x
N 14	Normal External Transmit Clock	Serial 2	X <sup>1</sup>	–
N 13	Inverted External Transmit Clock	Serial 2	x	–
N 12	Normal Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 2	–	X
N 11	Inverted Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 2	–	x
N 18	Normal External Transmit Clock	Serial 3	X <sup>1</sup>	–
N 17	Inverted External Transmit Clock	Serial 3	x	–
N 16	Normal Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 3	–	X
N 15	Inverted Internal Transmit Clock	Serial 3	–	x

1. X = Recommended setting. x = Available but not recommended.

## Setting the Serial Port Mode (DTE or DCE)

Jumper settings on the interface card (SCI or MCI) determine the mode (DTE or DCE) of the serial port connected to your applique. The cards are shipped with the jumpers in DTE mode as a default (see Figure 3). On the SCI card, assign a serial port as DCE by changing the jumper as described in Table 7.

**Table 7** SCI Jumper Settings for DCE Serial Ports

Move Jumper	For Serial Port
N24 to N22	serial 0 as DCE
N28 to N26	serial 1 as DCE
N14 to N12	serial 2 as DCE
N18 to N16	serial 3 as DCE

**Note** The jumper positions relative to the port positions on the card appear crossed.

Figure 3 shows the default jumper settings on the CSC-SCI card.

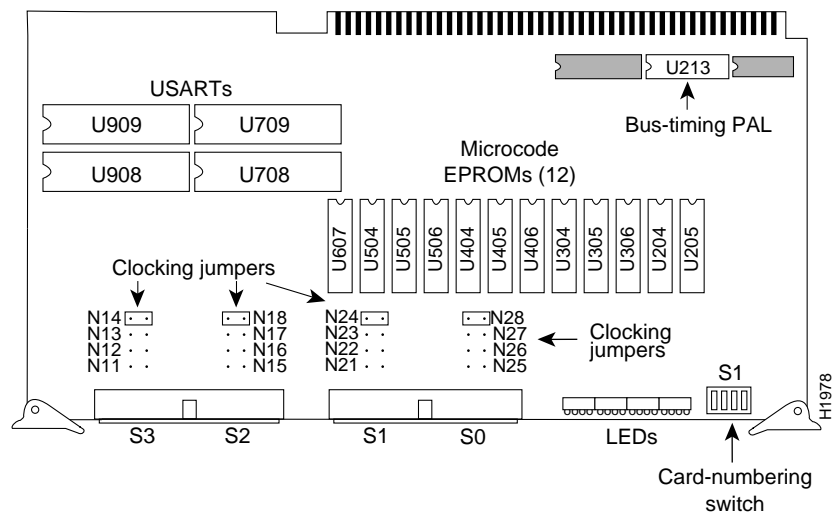


Figure 3    SCI Card Serial Port Jumpers

**Note** Attaching an HD V.35 applique to a modem or customer service unit/data service unit (CSU/DSU) typically requires the DTE mode.

On the MCI card (see Figure 4), assign a serial port as DCE by changing a jumper as described in Table 8.

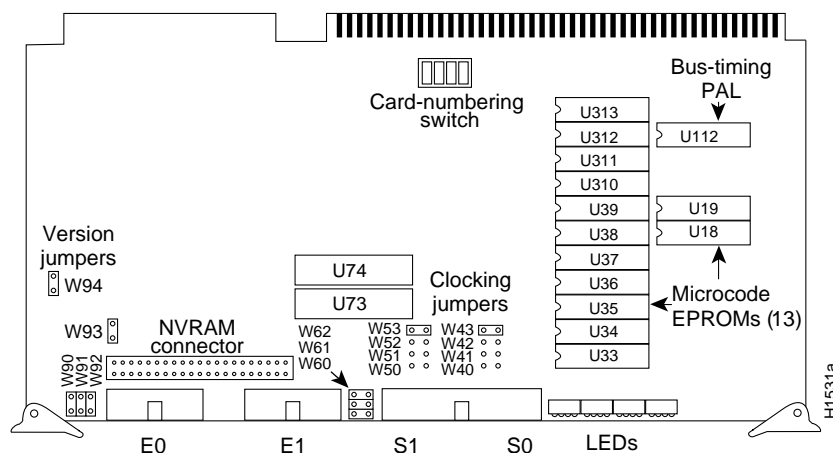
Table 8    MCI Jumper Settings for DCE Serial Ports

Move Jumper	For Serial Port
W53 to W51	serial 0 as DCE
W43 to W41	serial 1 as DCE

**Note** The jumper positions relative to the port positions on the card appear crossed.



Figure 4 shows the default jumper settings on the CSC-MCI card.



**Figure 4** MCI Card Serial Port Jumpers

**Note** Attaching an HD V.35 applique to a modem or customer service unit/data service unit (CSU/DSU) typically requires the DTE mode.

## Installation Procedures

Following are the procedures for installing the HD V.35 applique.

### Installation Prerequisites

Before installing the applique, ensure that your system meets the following prerequisites. If your current configuration does not meet the above requirements, contact your service representative for information on hardware and software upgrades.

You must have an HD V.35 cable of the correct gender for the mode you are using (DTE or DCE)

- Your system must contain an MCI card with microcode version 1.5 or later or an SCI card with microcode version 1.2 or later.
- The interface card must have one configured serial port available for each applique to be installed

### Required Parts and Tools

Following are the parts required for these procedures. If any of these parts are missing or appear damaged, contact your service representative.

- HD V.35 applique with attached connector plate
- One of the following four HD V.35 cables for each applique to be installed: CAB-VTM, CAB-VTF, CAB-VCM, or CAB-VCF (see Table 2)

---

**Note** One of these cables is included with each applique shipped. The type of cable shipped is based on what applique mode was ordered and your site requirements.

---

- Ribbon cable for the internal connection between the applique and the serial interface card (one ribbon cable for every two appliques)
- ESD prevention wrist strap (disposable wrist strap is included with the applique to prevent damage to equipment from electrostatic discharge)

Following are the tools required for these procedures:

- Two Phillips screwdrivers: sizes No.1 and No. 2
- One medium flat-blade screwdriver and one 3/16" nut driver

### Preventing Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Damage

Electrostatic discharge damage (ESD) occurs when electronic printed circuit cards are improperly handled and can result in complete or intermittent failures. ESD can impair electronic circuitry and equipment. Follow ESD prevention procedures when removing and replacing cards.

Following are steps for handling printed circuit cards:

- Step 1** Slip on an ESD wrist strap, ensuring that it makes good skin contact.
- Step 2** Connect the strap to an unpainted chassis frame surface or another proper grounding point or surface to safely channel unwanted ESD voltages to ground.
- Step 3** Use the ejectors to remove the card. Handle the card by its sides. Place the card on an antistatic surface or in a static shielding bag. To prevent further damage to the card by ESD voltages, defective cards must remain in the static shielding bag when returned for repair or replacement.
- Step 4** Handling the new card by its edges only, insert it into the chassis. Avoid contact between the card and clothing. The wrist strap only protects the card from ESD voltages on the body; ESD voltages on clothing can still damage the card.

For safety, use an ohmmeter to check the ESD wrist strap to ensure that the resistor is providing proper ESD protection. The measurement should be between 1 and 10 mega ohms.



**Warning** Before accessing the chassis interior and removing any cards, turn off power to the chassis and unplug the power cord. Use extreme caution around the chassis since potentially harmful voltages are present.

## Accessing the Chassis Interior

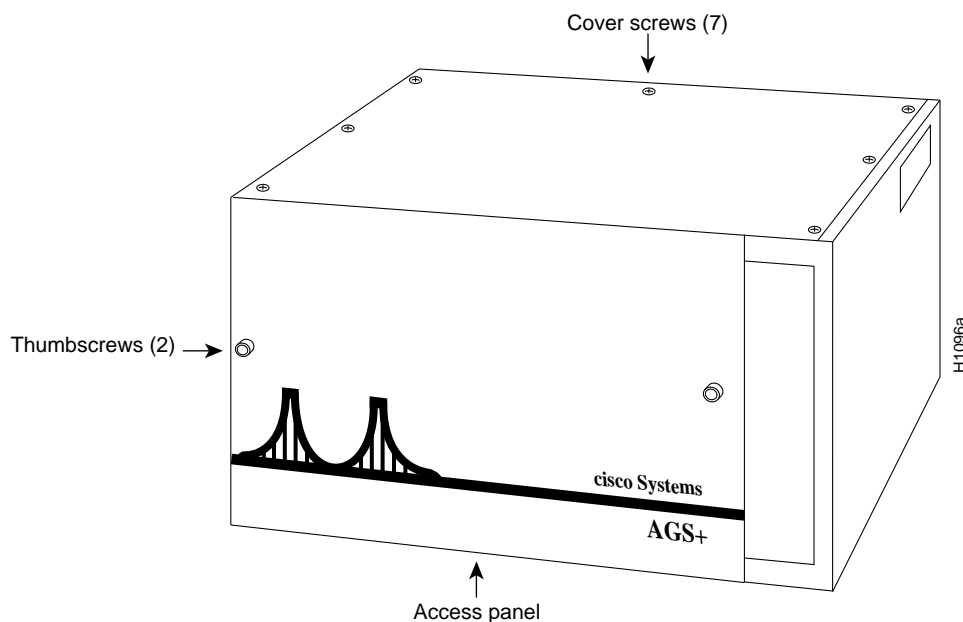
Following are the procedures for accessing the chassis interior and the connector plates in each of the three types of chassis: A-type, M, and C. Refer to the section that applies to your chassis type.

### A-Type Chassis

The A-type chassis has four large mounting plates and one large individual connection area with space for six individual mounting plates. The console port connector uses one of the individual mounting plate spaces leaving five plates available for other applique attachments. The large mounting plates are used for multiple or large applique attachments. When ordering replacements from the factory, specify the mode of the appliques and the mounting plate size that you require (see Table 1).

Following is the procedure for accessing the A-type chassis interior:

**Step 1** On the front access panel, loosen (but do not attempt to remove) the two thumb fasteners and pull the panel off the chassis (see Figure 5).



**Figure 5 A-type Chassis Front Access Panel and Cover Screws**

**Step 2** Locate and remove the seven screws securing the top panel to the chassis; three are located on each of the two sides of the cover, and one at the back.

**Step 3** Lift the top cover up and away from the chassis.

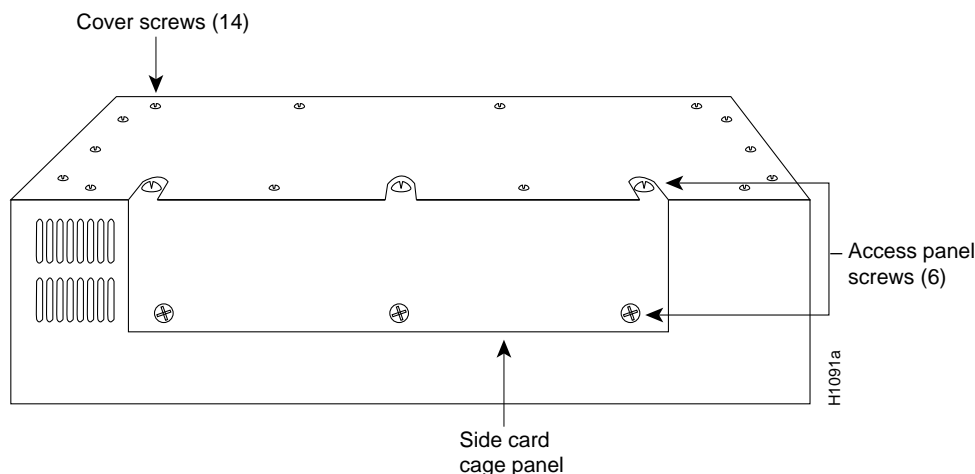
Proceed to “Installing the HD V.35 Applique.”

## M Chassis

The M chassis has two small mounting plates and one individual connection area with space for four appliques. The console port connector uses one of the individual mounting plates leaving three plates available for other applique attachments. The small mounting plates are used for multiple or large applique attachments. When ordering replacements from the factory, specify the mode of the appliques and the mounting plate size that you require (see Table 1).

Following is the procedure for accessing the M chassis interior:

**Step 1** Remove the card cage access panel on the side of the chassis. First loosen the three Phillips screws at the bottom of the panel, then turn the top flat-blade screws three quarters of a turn counterclockwise (see Figure 6).



**Figure 6 M Chassis Access Panel and Cover Screws**

**Step 2** Locate and remove the 14 No. 1 Phillips screws that secure the top panel to the chassis.

**Step 3** Lift the cover up and away from the chassis.

Proceed to “Installing the HD V.35 Applique.”

## C Chassis

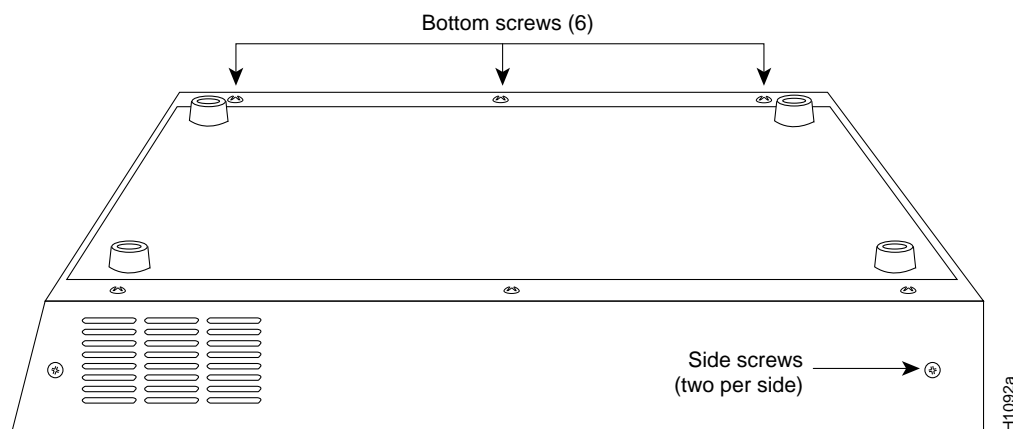
The C chassis has one small plate and one individual connection area with space for four appliques. The console port connector uses one of the individual plates, which leaves three plates available for HD V.35 appliques. When ordering replacements from the factory, specify the mode of the applique and mounting plate size that you require (see Table 1).

You must remove the cover to gain access to the system card cage. The top cover on a C chassis envelopes the chassis and is secured by ten No. 2 Phillips screws: six on the bottom and two on each side.

Following is the procedure for accessing the C chassis interior:

**Step 1** Disconnect all power and interface cables from the rear of the chassis.

**Step 2** Remove the two screws on each of the two sides of the cover (see Figure 7).



**Figure 7 C Chassis Cover — Bottom View**

**Step 3** Turn the system upside down and remove the six screws along each bottom edge.

**Step 4** Turn the chassis over so the bottom is again facing down.

**Step 5** Use a flat-blade screwdriver to gently lift the back end of the chassis away from the cover.

**Step 6** To remove the cover, pull it from the front of the chassis. The cover fits the chassis quite tightly so some resistance may be met.

Proceed to “Installing the HD V.35 Applique.”

## Installing the HD V.35 Applique

Following is the procedure for installing the HD V.35 applique and cable:

---

**Note** Before performing these steps, refer to Figure 2 which shows the location of connector plates on the chassis.

---

**Step 1** Turn OFF power to the chassis, but to channel ESD voltages to ground, *do not* unplug the power cord.

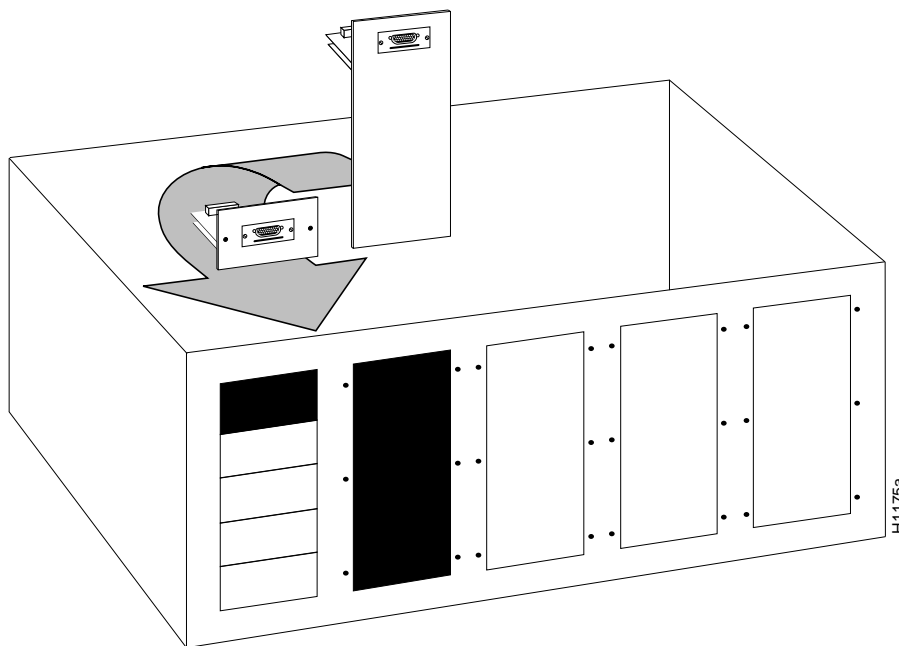
**Step 2** Attach an ESD-preventive wrist strap.

**Step 3** On the rear of the chassis, remove the appropriate blank plate. Set the screws aside (see Figure 8).

**Step 4** Place the new mounting plate (with the attached HD V.35 applique) on the inside of the chassis against the opening.

**Step 5** Position the applique with the LEDs facing out and below the connector.

**Step 6** Secure the new applique with the screws you removed from the blank plate.



**Figure 8** Typical Installation—A-Type Chassis

**Step 7** Connect an internal ribbon cable between the 26-pin connector on the applique and the appropriate serial connector on the SCI or MCI card in the chassis card cage. Route the cable under the system card cage and up to the card in the front of the chassis. The connector is keyed to prevent improper insertion at the interface card. Do not stress the cable at the applique or serial connector.



**Caution** If installing more than one applique, use the 26-pin ribbon cable connector with the color coded edge as *serial 0* (N) and the second connector as *serial 1* (N+1).

**Step 8** Attach the smaller HD end of the HD V.35 cable to the HD V.35 connector on the applique and the larger end (standard V.35 male or female) to your network segment.

## Testing the Installation

Following is the procedure for testing the HD V.35 applique installation:



**Caution** To prevent the chassis overheating during the following steps, apply power only long enough to check for proper operation.

**Step 1** Connect the power cable and turn on the power to the chassis.

**Step 2** For DCE only—Set the clockrate (after system boot) for the new interface using the **configure terminal** command and set the desired clockrate using the **clockrate** command. (See the section “CSC-MCI and CSC-SCI Mode and Clocking Options” on page 5)

---

**Note** If the new applique is set for DCE mode, the red DCE LED lights and remains lit during operation (see Table 4).

---

**Step 3** After the system boots up, verify the correct mode of the newly installed interface by using the **show controller mci** and **show interface serial number** commands (where *number* refers to the interface number of the newly installed serial port and applique).

Following is sample output of these commands (*serial 0* and DTE mode are used in the examples):

```
Router# show controller mci
MCI 0, controller type 1.1, microcode version 1.11
  128 Kbytes of main memory, 4 Kbytes cache memory
22 system TX buffers, largest buffer size 1520
  Restarts: 0 line down, 0 hung output, 0 controller error
  Interface 0 is Serial0, electrical interface is V.35 DTE
```

In this example, the important information is contained in the last line, which indicates the type and mode of serial interface attached.

---

**Note** Much more information (than what is shown in these examples) will be printed to the screen, but has been excluded for clarity.

---

```
Router# show interface serial 0
Serial 0 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is MCI Serial
```

In this example, the important information is in the first line, which indicates the state of the newly installed serial interface; the interface should be up if everything is connected and configured correctly.

---

**Note** An error condition exists if no LED indicators light at power-up or after initialization, or if the newly installed interface is not seen by the system. If this happens, check that all cards and cables are firmly seated. If a second power-up attempt fails, contact your service representative.

---

Following are examples of possible error conditions and symptoms:

- If the applique is set for DCE, but the clockrate is not set, the clock and data LEDs will not light.
- If the applique is set for DTE, but the MCI or SCI jumpers are set for DCE (or a DCE cable is used), the LEDs may appear as they should, but the interface will stay down.
- If the external or internal cable is not connected, the interface will be up, but line protocol will be down.

- Step 1** When the installation check is successful, all LEDs on the applique should be on except the loopback LED (unless loopback has been selected through software) and the DCE LED if DTE mode is selected.
- Step 2** Turn OFF the power and unplug the chassis.
- Step 3** Replace and secure the chassis cover.
- Step 4** Affix the new serial interface labels (Serial 0 and so forth) below the appropriate connector on the rear of the chassis and to the internal interface ribbon cables.

---

**Note** If it becomes necessary to reconfigure a single applique after it is installed power down the chassis, attach ESD protection, remove the chassis cover, and use a 3/16" nut driver to remove the strain-relief nuts that secure the individual applique to the mounting plate. With these nuts removed, the applique may be pulled out of the mounting plate, reconfigured, and reattached without having to remove the entire rear plate assembly or disconnect any interior cables.

---

The system is ready to be installed in the network.

---

**Note** For technical assistance, contact a service representative or the Cisco Systems Technical Assistance Center (TAC) at 800 553-2447, 415 903-7209, or [tac@cisco.com](mailto:tac@cisco.com). For upgrade or product information, contact the Customer Response Center at 800 553-6387, 415 903-7208, or [cs-rep@cisco.com](mailto:cs-rep@cisco.com).

---

### Customer Information Online

Cisco Systems' Customer Information Online (CIO) system provides online information and electronic services to Cisco direct customers and business partners. Basic CIO services include general Cisco information, product announcements, descriptions of service offerings, and download access to public and authorized files, including release notes, and software. Maintenance customers receive a much broader offering, including technical notes, the bug database, and electronic mail access to the TAC. (Maintenance customers must have authorization from their Cisco contract administrators to receive these privileges.)

For dialup or Internet users, CIO supports Zmodem, Kermit, Xmodem, FTP PUT, Internet e-mail, Telnet, rlogin, and fax download options. Internet users also can retrieve files from CIO using FTP.

Registration for CIO is handled on line. To reach CIO via the Internet, use Telnet or FTP to [cio.cisco.com](http://cio.cisco.com) (131.108.89.33). To reach CIO by dialup, use 415 903-8070 (Mountain View, California) or 33 1 6446 4082 (Paris, France).

This publication is to be used in conjunction with the *Microcode Release Notes* publication (Document Number 78-1069-xx).

Access Without Compromise, Catalyst, CD-PAC, CiscoFusion, CiscoWorks, HyperSwitch, Internetwork Operating System, IOS, Netscape, Point and Click Internetworking, SMARTnet, *The Packet*, UniverCD, Workgroup Director, and Workgroup Stack are trademarks, and Cisco, Cisco Systems, and the Cisco logo are registered trademarks of Cisco Systems, Inc. All other products or services mentioned in this document are the trademarks, service marks, registered trademarks, or registered service marks of their respective owners.

Copyright © 1994, Cisco Systems, Inc.  
All rights reserved. Printed in USA.